

MSDS Nr. 024 Version 4.0 Revised 14/10/10

### 1. Identification of the Substance/Preparation and of the Company

MSDS Nr. 024

Product name Oxygen Sensor Pt. No.66066

Oxygen Cell Pt. No.12357
Sealed %O2 Sensor C/S Pt. No.62027
Oxygen Sensor Pt. No.66066
Oxygen Cell 70X-V Pt. No.65015

Intended Use Electrochemical sensors for gas detection

Company Gas Measurement Instruments Ltd

Inchinnan Estate

Renfrew PA4 9RG

Emergency phone number 0141 812 3211

### 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/Preparation Preparation

Components/Impurities Electrolyte containing potassium acetate gel, lead, proprietary

catalyst alloy electrodes, enclosed in a metal can housing with attached metal connections. After a short period of use, lead acetate

will develop inside the sensor.

EEC Nr. (from EINECS)

Not applicable for preparations.

#### 3. Hazards Identification

Hazards Identification The electrolyte and the lead inside the sensor constitute the main

potential hazards, and these may become exposed should the

housing be damaged.

Electrolyte (will contain lead acetate)

*Inhalation* of *electrolyte:* Inhalation is not an expected hazard unless heated to high temperatures. Mist or vapour inhalation can cause irritation to the nose, throat, and upper respiratory tract.

*Ingestion* of *electrolyte*: May cause irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach.

Skin or eye contact of electrolyte: May cause redness, pain, blurred vision, and eye burns.

Aggravation of pre-existing conditions -Electrolyte: Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye problems, or impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of the substance. Lead Acetate may cause harm to the unborn child and a possible risk of impaired fertility. Danger of cumulative effects.

#### Lead

*Hazards- Lead:* Exposure can cause brain damage. May cause damage to blood-forming, nervous, urinary and reproductive systems. Symptoms of exposure include loss of appetite, metallic taste in the mouth, anxiety, constipation, nausea, pallor, excessive tiredness, weakness, insomnia, headache, nervous irritability, muscle and joint soreness, tremors, dizziness and abdominal pain.

Aggravation of pre-existing conditions -Lead: Exposure is more likely to cause a problem for those suffering from diseases of the



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blood-forming, nervous, urinary and reproductive systems. Exposure to lead may result in injury to a developing foetus.

**4 First Aid Measures** 

Inhalation *Electrolyte:* Remove to fresh air. Obtain medical advice.

Lead: Remove to fresh air. Obtain medical advice.

Ingestion Electrolyte: If swallowed DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Wash

out mouth thoroughly with water and give plenty of water to drink.

Obtain medical advice.

Lead: If swallowed and individual is conscious, induce vomiting.

Obtain medical attention.

Eye Contact *Electrolyte:* Irrigate thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.

Obtain medical advice.

Lead: Irrigate thoroughly with water. Obtain medical advice.

Skin Contact *Electrolyte:* Immediately flush the skin thoroughly with water for

at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Obtain medical advice if continued irritation.

*Lead:* Immediately flush the skin thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Obtain medical advice if continued irritation.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Specific Hazards Not considered to be a fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion

products.

May evolve toxic fumes.

Specific methods N/A
Special protective equipment N/A

for fire fighters

6. Accidental Release Measures.

Personal precautions Should any sensor be so severely damaged or tampered with that

the leakage of the contents occurs then the following procedures

should be adopted:

Avoid skin contact with any lead, liquid or internal component

through the use of protective gloves.

Disconnect sensor if it is attached to any equipment.

Observe first aid measures in case of eye contact, inhalation, skin

contact or ingestion of electrolyte or lead.

Environmental precautions N/A

Clean up methods Use copious amounts of clean water to wash away any spilt

electrolyte, particularly important in equipment because of the

corrosive nature of the electrolyte.



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### 7. Handling and Storage

Handling and storage Must not be exposed to temperatures outside the range specified on

the data sheet. Should not be exposed to organic vapours, which may cause physical damage to the body of the sensor. Must not be stored in areas containing organic solvents or in flammable liquid

stores

### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Personal protection None in normal operation

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties.

Appearance / Colour Sensor is a sealed unit.

Plastic sensor with 2 metal pins, or metal can sensor with 2 solder

tags.

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability and reactivity N/A

### 11. Toxicological Information

General Electrolyte is corrosive to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

### 12. Ecological Information

General No ecological damage caused by this product.

#### 13. Disposal Considerations.

General Contains toxic compounds irrespective of physical condition.

Should be disposed of according to local waste management

requirements and environmental legislation.

Should not be burnt since they may evolve toxic fumes.

### 14. Transport Information

UN Nr. 2800

Other transport information Electrochemical sensors are classified under UN 2800 (batteries -

Wet non-spillable) and conform to the special provisions, section 4.5 paragraph A67 of the dangerous goods regulations. As such electrochemical sensors are classed as non-dangerous and may be transported without special packing, labels etc. It is important,

however, to check any local regulations

### 15. Regulatory Information

Number in Annex 1 of Dir. Not applicable for preparations.

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EC Classification Not classified as a dangerous substance.

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### 16. Other Information

This product should only be used for the calibration of GMI instruments using the procedures laid out in the instrument manual.

Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

# 17. Revision History

Version 1.0	1 January 2001	C.G.Tandy
Version 2.0	31 July 2002	C.G.Tandy
Version 3.0	061 August 2009	C.G.Tandy
Version 4.0	14 October 2010	C.G.Tandy